

3. Exercises - Q1

Exercises from the book using [checksum.py](#)

Recommended change so -D option can use other bases:

```
$ diff checksum.py.0RIG checksum.py
48c48
<         values.append(int(t))
---
>         values.append(int(t,0)) # automatic base detection, 0b1010..., 0xabc, etc.
$
```

Q1:

```
$ python ./checksum.py

Decimal:      216      194      107      66
Hex:          0xd8      0xc2      0x6b      0x42
Bin:          0b11011000 0b11000010 0b01101011 0b01000010

Add:          ?
Xor:          ?
Fletcher: ?

--> check by hand

$ python ./checksum.py -c

Decimal:      216      194      107      66
Hex:          0xd8      0xc2      0x6b      0x42
Bin:          0b11011000 0b11000010 0b01101011 0b01000010

Add:          71      (0b01000111)
Xor:          51      (0b00110011)
Fletcher(a,b): 73,196  (0b01001001,0b11000100)
```

```
$ python3
>>> d = [216, 194, 107, 66]
>>> X = d[0]^d[1]^d[2]^d[3]
>>> X
51
>>> bin(X)
'0b110011'
>>> A = d[0]+d[1]+d[2]+d[3]
>>> A
583
>>> A % 256
71
>>> A & 0xff
71
>>> A % 255
73
>>> A0 = d[0]; A1 = A0+d[1]; A2 = A1+d[2]; A3 = A2+d[3]
>>> (A0+A1+A2+A3) % 255
196
>>>
```

Xor	Add
11011000	11011000
11000010	11000010
01101011	01101011
01000010	01000010
-----	-----